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8	BEFORE THE BOARD FOR PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS AND LAND SURVEYORS DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS
9	STATE OF CALIFORNIA
10	In the Matter of the Accusation Against: Case No. 912-A
11	MICHAEL JOHN MERRILL
12	P.O. Box 1123 San Ramon, CA 94583 ACCUSATION
13	Civil Engineer License No. C 27544 Geotechnical Engineer License No. GE 955
14	Respondent.
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17	Complainant alleges:
18	PARTIES
19	1. David E. Brown (Complainant) brings this Accusation solely in his official capacity
20	as the Executive Officer of the Board for Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors,
21	Department of Consumer Affairs.
22	2. On or about March 9, 1977, the Board for Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors
23	issued Civil Engineer License Number C 27544 to Michael John Merrill (Respondent). The Civil
24	Engineer License expired on September 30, 2009, and has not been renewed.
25	3. On or about December 20, 1987, the Board for Professional Engineers and Land
26	Surveyors issued Geotechnical Engineer License Number GE 955 to Michael John Merrill
27	(Respondent). The Geotechnical Engineer License expired on September 30, 2009, and has not
28	been renewed.
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JURISDICTION

- 4. This Accusation is brought before the Board for Professional Engineers and Land Surveyors (Board), Department of Consumer Affairs, under the authority of the following laws. All section references are to the Business and Professions Code unless otherwise indicated.
- 5. Section 6775 of the Code states, in pertinent part, that "[T]he board may reprove, suspend for a period not to exceed two years, or revoke the certificate of any professional engineer registered under this chapter:
- (c) Who has been found guilty by the board of negligence or incompetence in his or her practice.
 - "(h) Who violates any provision of this chapter."
 - 6. Section 6749 of the Code states:
 - "(a) A professional engineer shall use a written contract when contracting to provide professional engineering services to a client pursuant to this chapter. The written contract shall be executed by the professional engineer and the client, or his or her representative, prior to the professional engineer commencing work, unless the client knowingly states in writing that work may be commenced before the contract is executed. The written contract shall include, but not be limited to, all of the following:
 - (1) A description of the services to be provided to the client by the professional engineer.
 - (2) A description of any basis of compensation applicable to the contract, and the method of payment agreed upon by the parties.
 - (3) The name, address, and license or certificate number of the professional engineer, and the name and address of the client.
 - (4) A description of the procedure that the professional engineer and the client will use to accommodate additional services.
 - (5) A description of the procedure to be used by any party to terminate the contract.

. . . "

7. Section 125.3 of the Code provides, in pertinent part, that the Board may request the administrative law judge to direct a licentiate found to have committed a violation or violations of the licensing act to pay a sum not to exceed the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of the case.

MAGNUS PROJECT

- 8. Beginning in 2003, Respondent performed various engineering work for Gene Magnus related to a retaining wall located at 20465 Almeda Street, Castro Valley, California (hereinafter "Magnus project."). Specific work performed included:
- a. Engineering Consultation Report, dated August 27, 2002. This report contained observations of an existing segmental (Keystone brand) retaining wall of shape, height, block type and levelness, backfill material, geogrid layers, lean, gaps and drainage. Respondent concluded that the retaining wall was not constructed in accordance with the manufacturer's information and standard construction practice and that the retaining wall should be dismantled and reconstructed. Respondent did not recommend, in this report, to have exploration, laboratory testing, engineering analyses, engineering recommendations, and/or design performed for the new retaining wall.
- b. Design of Keystone Retaining Walls, dated September 4, 2003. This design utilized a Keystone Retaining Wall System computer program ("Keywall") that required the input of soil parameters. However, the design was not based on exploration and soil sampling, field strength information or laboratory testing.
- c. Engineering Observations Report, dated January 27, 2004. This report contains observations made by Respondent during the dismantling and reconstruction of the retaining wall. The stated purpose of this report was to confirm the soils present at the project site were as anticipated and to assess whether the retaining wall was reconstructed in accordance with the approved design. Respondent concluded that the soils encountered and used for the wall were as anticipated in the design of the wall and that the wall had been constructed in accordance with the design calculations and recommendations.

FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Negligence)

- 9. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under section 6775(c) in that Respondent did not use the care ordinarily exercised in like cases by duly licensed professional engineers in good standing as follows:
- a. Respondent failed to perform subsurface exploration and laboratory testing to substantiate his design of the retaining wall for the Magnus project as described in paragraph 8 above. There were no soil samples obtained and no laboratory testing to determine soil strength, settlement potential, expansion potential and ground water conditions.
- b. Respondent failed to include seismic analysis in his design for the retaining wall.
 Respondent should have considered an appropriate seismic value for the Keywall program or determined if supplemental seismic analyses were necessary.
- c. Respondent failed to perform a complete geotechnical analysis. Respondent did not provide calculations, analysis or rationale for bearing capacity, settlement, or expansion potential on the Magnus project.
- d. Respondent failed to perform global slope stability analyses in the design of the retaining wall.
- e. Respondent failed to provide a written agreement between himself and Mr. Magnus for any of the work performed on the Magnus project.

SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unprofessional Conduct)

10. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under section 6775(h), in that Respondent failed to comply with section 6749(a) by failing to provide a written contract for any of the work performed on the Magnus project.

GIANNECCHINI PROJECT

11. On or about January 2006, Respondent and Alberto Giannecchini entered into a contract whereby Respondent agreed to review the project site, review plans for the proposed retaining walls and to provide an engineering design and calculations for proposed retaining walls

located at 5721 and 5717 Thousand Oaks Drive, Castro Valley, California (hereinafter "Giannecchini project.").

On or about January 31, 2006, Respondent prepared a retaining wall design for segmental block wall systems. The design was accomplished using Keywall software (version 3.2.2.278) considering wall heights between 4 and 14 feet and two types of Strata brand geogrid.

Respondent used a peak ground acceleration ("PGA") of 0.20g for seismic conditions.

THIRD CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Negligence)

- 12. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under section 6775(c) in that Respondent did not use the care ordinarily exercised in like cases by duly licensed professional engineers in good standing as follows:
- a. Respondent utilized a PGA of 0.20g in the seismic design portion of the Keywall program. However the PGA for this particular site would be 0.67g, a value significantly higher than the 0.20g used by Respondent in his design. As the Keywall program modified the PGA automatically, Respondent should not have reduced the PGA himself prior to utilizing the Keywall program.
- b. The Keywall program has a normal upper limit of 0.44g on acceleration values. Respondent should have understood that the particular site conditions for the Giannecchini project [0.67g] exceeded the limitations of the pseudo-static-based program and should have performed or considered performing a supplemental seismic displacement analysis or a dynamic finite-element/finite-difference analysis.

FOURTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

(Unprofessional Conduct)

- 13. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under section 6775(h), in that Respondent failed to comply with sections 6749(a)(3), (4) and (5) in his contract with Alberto Giannecchini, as follows:
 - a. Respondent failed to include his license number on the written contract.